Integrating Personalization With Search

This article guides you through setting up the Monetate Personalization and KCCP integration to use Search on your site. You must have your Monetate attributes and a developer sandbox set up to begin.

This guide is intended for clients new to Kibo. If you are an existing Kibo client, the process will be simplified so please consult with your Kibo representative about adding the Personalized Search service.

Set Up Accounts

Monetate

Monetate is the platform you will utilize for Al-driven personalization. This is where Personalized Experiences and Product Recommendation strategies are created and managed, which will then be layered on top of your Kibo Search API response. You will work with an assigned Monetate resource to develop experiences and strategies and assist with anything involving the Monetate platform.

When your Monetate account is being created, you will need to decide on what type of implementation you will go with: the JavaScript tag implementation or the Engine API implementation.

Kibo

The Kibo Composable Commerce Platform (KCCP) combines omnichannel commerce, enterprisegrade order management and Al-driven personalization by Monetate into a single platform. This is where you will manage search configurations and relevancy settings. You will work with an assigned Kibo resource to assist with anything involving the Kibo KCCP Admin.

Add Kibo Resources

Once your accounts have been created and you receive credentials to access your Kibo accounts, you will add the Kibo Search team members to your development and production sandboxes. Instructions on adding users will be emailed by the Kibo resource, but you can also refer to the Dev Center and Admin UI documentation. Kibo team members should be added as lead developers in the Dev Center, and as administrators or super administrators in the Admin UI.

The Kibo team will assist with the following:

- Creation of Development and Production Sandboxes
- Search Configuration settings
- Creating and installing the search application

- Account Mapping
- Search Relevancy Optimization
- API Testing
- Platform Training Support

Monetate Setup

There are 2 tasks that are required to properly set up Monetate Personalization on your site. You will first need to whitelist your domain within the Monetate platform. For a Monetate Tag Implementation, you will also need to add the Monetate tags to your front-end. These allow Monetate to access your site, gather user data, and add/remove/change elements in the DOM. Consult with your Monetate resource for setup assistance.

Create Recommendation Strategies

You will work with your Monetate resource to discover what Recommendation Strategies are best for your business. Recommendation Strategies vary widely, from Most Viewed Products to Items Frequently Bought Together, and everything in between.

Create Personalized Search Experiences

You can work with your Monetate resource to create a Personalized Search Experience that is right for your customers. An Experience can dictate how a customer experiences your site, if certain site elements are rendered or not and the order of products returned in the customer's search query.

For the full set of instructions of how to create an experience, see the documentation here.

Product Data Sets

You will need to create and upload a product dataset, as well a dataset schema that can be synced with the product attributes used in Kibo KCCP. Synchronizing attributes attaches your custom attributes to products in the KCCP search environment. This allows the attributes to be used for search weightings, boost/bury, filtering, and sorting.

1. Create Product Dataset with Monetate

You will work with your Monetate resource to create your product dataset. Accepted file types include CSV or TSV format. Datasets should be structured according to Monetate's recommendations and should be detailed down to the variant level, meaning each line in the file contains either a product or product variation.

Datasets should also contain product attributes that you want to be searchable. For example, if you would like customers to be able to search for a shirt by color (red shirt, blue shirt) then it is recommended to include a color attribute column in the dataset. Product attributes are fully customizable during and after implementation.

Product attributes should be anything you want customers to be able to search by, but a few common ones are:

- Color
- Brand
- Size
- Gender
- Material
- Price/Price Range
- Category/Sub-Category

2. Create Product Catalog Dataset Schema

Before uploading your product dataset, you must create a Product Catalog Dataset Schema in Monetate which will define the structure of your data.

Accepted file types include CSV or TSV format. Datasets should be structured according to Monetate's recommendations. Only a few lines of sample data are needed, a full product dataset is not required to complete this step. Full documentation can be found here.

Once the processing has completed, you are ready to upload your full product dataset utilizing the same schema. If you need to add product attributes/new columns after your initial upload, you can either send a full file update via the Monetate Data API or utilize the Add Attribute modal accessible from the product catalog's details page.

3. Upload Product Dataset to Monetate

You can work with your Monetate resource to upload your product dataset to the Monetate platform. There are 3 options for uploading your product dataset: manually, SFTP, or the Monetate Data API.

Full documentation can be found here.

4. Add Product Attributes in Kibo

You will need to add your product attributes into the Kibo KCCP Admin to make your attributes from your Monetate product dataset accessible for search. These should be the exact same product attributes you created in the Monetate product dataset, and must be the "Property" attribute type.

Follow the steps outlined in the property attribute documentation to create a new property. Ensure that "Available to Storefront Search", "Search Label", and "Available as Filter & Sort" are checked in the attribute configurations.



Kibo recommends using "Text Box" instead of "List" for the input type of your new attribute, because any new values inserted into the Monetate dataset will not sync to Kibo KCCP unless those values are added to the List attribute in KCCP first. This means that lists would require additional maintenance.

Note: Availability Product Attribute

The Availability product attribute is an out-of-the-box default product attribute. This attribute is used to determine product availability and whether it is returned in the API response. If it is set to "out of stock" in the Monetate product dataset, then the product will not be searchable. If it is set to "in stock" (or any other string value), then the product will be searchable.

5. Attach Product Attributes to Base Product Type

Once you have added your product attributes into the Kibo KCCP Admin, you will need to add those product attributes to the Base Product Type.

1. Go to System > Schema > Product Types.

- 2. Click the "Base" product type to edit its configurations.
- 3. Scroll down to the **Properties** section.



- 4. Click **Add** on the right.
- 5. Select the product attribute in the previous section.
- 6. Select **Storefront Details and Listings** for the Display Group.
- 7. Click Done.
- 8. Click **Save** in the top right.

6. Add Attributes to Search Schema

After your product attributes are all set up, you can add them to the KCCP search schema at **Main > Search > Schema** as shown in the Add Custom Attributes guide. Not all attributes have to be added to the schema, only the ones you want use in search relevancy.

Be sure to select the attribute and the match type you want to use. For more information about match types, refer to Field Type Analyzer Implementation Guide.

Troubleshooting Tips:

If you are ever looking for an attribute in the search configuration menu and it isn't

displayed, then it may be missing in the schema. Adding the attribute to the Search schema should make it appear.

Whenever the schema is published, it will start to reindex all products. This can take between 10 minutes and a few hours depending on the size of your tenant.

7. Sync Product Dataset from Monetate to Kibo

Once you have created and uploaded your (ideally full) product dataset in Monetate, and updated the search configurations and product attributes in your Kibo sandboxes, inform your Kibo resource. Your Kibo resource will map the 2 accounts together and the Kibo KCCP Admin will continuously check the Monetate product dataset for any updates and automatically import the product data into the Kibo KCCP Admin. The default setting for checking for changes in the Monetate product dataset is 6 hours. Consult your Kibo resource if you would like to change this interval.

8. Edit Field Weights

While Kibo provides default field weights out-of-the-box, these are intended as a starting point and you should customize them to further configure your search.

Field weights should be based on how your product dataset is constructed in Monetate. For example, if the majority of your descriptive text is in the description field then you should add the exact match, lenient, lenient phrases and corresponding type ahead analyzers for the productShortDescription attribute. Add weight values between 0 and 20 for each analyzer.

Kibo recommends setting the phrase analyzers' weight slightly higher than their non-phrase counterparts. Be sure to add all attributes, analyzers, and weight rankings you want considered in a search relevancy. The most common include color, brand, category, description, pricing, and so forth.

These are managed through your Search Configurations. Refer to the Field Weights guide for more information.

API Development

Credentials and Authentication

Any user that calls into the Kibo Composable Commerce Platform API must authenticate with the API by including an OAuth 2.0 access token in the request header. To get an access token, you will need two values specific to your Kibo Developer Account, called the Application Key and the Shared Secret:

1. Go to **Develop** > **Applications**.

- 2. Click on the application you want to use.
- 3. Find the **APPLICATION KEY** in the header.

- 4. Find the **SHARED SECRET** in the header.
- 5. Click **Show** to make the secret visible.

You also need your tenant ID and site ID. These can be found in the sandbox:

- **Tenant ID**: The Base URL to your sandbox is t#####.sandbox.mozu.com . The number after the "t" is your tenant ID.
- Site ID: The site ID can be found at System > Structure > Sites.

With this information, you can obtain your authorization token using the OAuth Authenticate App API call. You can also refer to Making API Calls and Getting Started with Postman for more information on API calls.

Finding the Monetate ID for Personalization

The Monetate ID (mid) is the cookie-based identifier used for personalization, and can be found in the mt.v cookie file. This mid value must be sent in all Search API calls to apply personalization to search results.

An example Monetate ID:

&mid=2.480627356.1659540203878

Search API Calls

Two primary API calls for the Search feature are the Suggest and Site Search APIs. These calls must be made from server to server. They return an error if called directly from your browser. For best performance, keep your request page sizes small.

Suggest2 API

Use the Suggest2 API call for typeahead searches. This high-performance API was designed to return results based on each character a user types. Note that the Monetate ID must be entered in the mid query parameter defined in the documentation.

You can customize the call to return products, categories, or custom terms as the user types by entering comma-separated values as a string in the groups query parameter:

- When "products" is entered, the products matching the search query and suggested products similar to or stemming from the search query are returned.
- When "categories" is entered, suggested categories are returned based on the products and possible products associated with the search query.
- When "terms" is entered, custom terms allow you to pre-define search terms to return as suggestion results as users are actively typing and provide immediate feedback to help users find what they are looking for quicker. Refer to the documentation for the term-based

suggester with instructions on how to upload a file here.

The below example shows how these values are entered into the query:

.../commerce/catalog/storefront/productsearch/suggest2?query=jackets&groups=products,catego ries,terms

Site Search API

You can use the Site Search API call to get products to display on the search results page. This API was designed to return products based on the user's full search query when they click Submit (or Enter). This API can also return scores, or the relevancy score combined with the personalization score, for product search results. Use the query parameter to specify the search term and a comma-separated list of product attributes you want returned in the response in the fieldList parameter.

There is a similar API called the Product Search API. Do not use the Product Search API in production environments—use Site Search instead. The Product Search should only be used for testing of relevancy scores and personalization scores in product search results.

An example Site Search call:

/commerce/catalog/storefront/productsearch/siteSearch?query=searchTerm&fieldList=attribute1, attribute2,priceL,priceH,productName,productImageUrls,categoryCode&pageSize=30

You can also use this API to filter categories for personalized category pages. This allows you to display dynamic pages for each user by enabling personalized product listings on category or subcategory pages. You can use categoryCode , categoryId , or productCategoryNames as your filter criteria.

An example of this filtering method:

/commerce/catalog/storefront/productsearch/siteSearch?query=?filter=categoryCode eq shoes

Some common values for the fieldList parameter include:

- productName : Product name.
- priceL,priceH : Price low and high.
- attribute1,attribute2 : Product attributes by name.
- productImageUrls : Product image URLs.
- categoryId : IDs of categories the product is in.
- productCategoryNames : Names of categories the product is in.
- categoryCode : Codes of categories the product is in.
- productShortDescription : Short description.

• productFullDescription : Full description.

Facets

Facets allow you to filter products based on categories and product attributes. You will create your desired facets in the Kibo KCCP Admin and then utilize different facet parameters in your API calls to return facets and filter products with those facets. Refer to the Facets user guide for more information.

To set up facets for search results:

- 1. Go to Main > Search > Facets.
- 2. Click Templates and select Search Results.
- 3. In the top left, click the **Settings** tab.
- 4. Click Add Facet.
- 5. Select the category and/or from the list of product attributes.
- 6. Click Save and Publish Now.

Note that you can sort the order of the facets by dragging them via the three dots on the left. You can also click the gear icon to further customize settings for each facet.



Facet API Examples

The following examples are ways you can use facets within API calls.

To see all facets in the search response, add the facetTemplate parameter with categoryCode:_root as shown below:

/commerce/catalog/storefront/productsearch/siteSearch?query=searchTerm&facetTemplate=cate goryCode:_root

To see only certain facets, use the facet parameter. You can pass multiple values separated by a comma. Pass custom product attributes prefixed with tenant~ as shown here:

/commerce/catalog/storefront/productsearch/siteSearch?query=searchTerm&facet=CategoryId,te nant~attribute1,tenant~attribute2

Alternatively, you can use the omitNamespace flag to pass only the attribute name without the tenant~ prefix:

/commerce/catalog/storefront/productsearch/siteSearch?query=searchTerm&omitNamespace=tru e&facet=CategoryId,attribute1,attribute2

The facetValueFilter parameter filters product results based on the facet value(s) you specify:

/commerce/catalog/storefront/productsearch/siteSearch?query=earbuds&omitNamespace=true&f acet=brand&facetValueFilter=brand:sony

Sorting and Filtering

Filters can be used in search queries to create a collection of results, and these collections can then be sorted before being returned in a response:

- Use the filter parameter to filter the API response based on specified product attributes.
- Use the sortBy parameter to sort the API response in ascending or descending order based on specified product attributes.

Refer to Sorting and Filtering APIs for more information.

KCCP Admin Search Configurations

The Kibo KCCP Admin manages "what" is returned for a user's search query, and is where you will manage your search configurations. These settings will determine search relevancy and which products are returned in the API responses.

Search Schema

The Search Schema determines which product attributes are enabled to be made searchable and which field analyzers apply to those product attributes. Configure these analyzer and attribute pairings to control how search results are ranked and displayed.

For more information about the below analyzers and how to apply them with product attributes,

see the Field Type Analyzers guide.

Analyzer	Description
exact_match	The search term must be an exact match
exact_match_type_ahead	Exact matches only for typeahead
lenient	Allows synonyms and stemming
lenient_type_ahead	Lenient for typeahead
lenient_phrases	Lenient with phrase boosting
lenient_phrases_type_ahead	Lenient with phrase boosting for typeahead
return_only	Used for having non-standard fields returned
code_exact	Used for product codes
code_lenient	Split on dashes and dots
code_lenient_type_ahead	Code lenient for typeahead

Search Configurations

The Search Configurations page is where you will manage your search configurations involving relevancy. These settings determine what products are returned in the API response and sorted according to relevancy score and custom settings. Search Configuration settings should only be set up after the Schema settings have been completed.

Refer to the Search Configurations documentation for more details on how to create a new configuration. The sections below provide an overview of some important concepts and features for your implementation.

Multiple Search Configurations

You can use multiple search configurations with different settings for aspects like weighting and boost/bury. You can also use separate configurations to utilize different personalization IDs to create multiple personalization experiences. Repeat the setup steps to create a new configuration.

When using multiple configurations, specify the name of the configuration to use with the searchSettings parameter in your Site Search API calls. In the Suggest2 API, this parameter is called searchSettingsName instead.

/commerce/catalog/storefront/productsearch/siteSearch?query=hats&searchSettings=nameOfSea rchConfig

To get the names of your configurations, you can use Get Search Settings.

Merchandizing Rules

Merchandizing Rules provide the ability to create and manage boost and bury conditions, sort definitions and control how products are displayed in specific search scenarios. Products may also be "pinned" or locked into place in the API response for that search term. "Pinning" products in Merchandizing Rules has a higher priority than personalization score. Rules can be applied to Site Search or entire Categories.

Follow the steps in the Merchandizing Rules documentation to create a new rule.

Search Synonyms

Search synonyms are synonyms to user search queries which expand the search results. A **One Way** synonym will replace the search results for a single specific term, while a **Two Way** synonym contains no term but will expand the search results for all listed synonyms. In general, Kibo recommends using Two Way synonyms except for cases where the term is not meant to be searched for, such as a common misspelling.

See the Search Synonyms documentation for examples of these synonym types as well as instructions for how to create a synonym.

Term Redirects

This function allows you to redirect a user to a specific URL based on a specific search term. The redirect URL will appear as a string in the Site Search API response, as shown in the example below. You may use this string to immediately redirect the user to the page or you can use the string as a page option for users to click on if desired.

```
"facets": [],
"searchRedirect": "www.example.com/new-sale",
"startIndex": 0,
"pageSize": 200,
"pageCount": 1,
"totalCount": 32,
"items": [
...
]
}
```

Note that Search Redirects apply to Site Search only.

Relevancy Fine Tuning and Testing

You can fine tune the Search Configurations to produce the search results you want, as the default settings may not be ideal for your implementation. There are two approaches when it comes to search relevancy:

• You may prefer to have multiple similar/closely-matched products returned in the Search API

responses.

• You may prefer to have fewer search results, but with a higher level of relevancy.

Ideally, you should create a set of default settings that utilize the proper field analyzers and attribute weights for your catalog that also include your business search strategies and preferences. Then, you can address unsatisfactory edge cases with synonyms, redirects, and merchandizing rules.

Consult with your Kibo resources if you need assistance with search relevancy fine tuning.

Testing Results with Postman

Kibo utilizes Postman to quickly test the Search API responses. You can find the Postman collection list of Kibo APIs here, scroll down for the latest Postman collection link.

The Kibo knowledge base includes additional documentation to h

- <u>Sorting and Filtering API Responses</u>
- <u>API Error Codes</u>
- Event Notifications
- Transaction Logs
- <u>Application Development</u>
- Arc.js Actions
- <u>Custom Themes</u>
- <u>Supported SDKs</u>
- Index of All API User Guides
- Postman Collection for Version 1.2244.5.

Save the .json to your computer, then open Postman and **Import** the file. For more information about using Postman, see the guide here.

Tuning Results with Splainer

Splainer is a tool integrated into the Kibo search configuration settings to help you understand how your search results are being scored. You can access this from the **Main** > **Search** >

Configuration page. Refer to Third-Party Search Tools for information on using Splainer.

When using Splainer to test changes, the best practice is to clone your default configuration so that you are not testing on production. To clone your configuration, use Get Search Settings by Name to get the name of your configuration, then use Add Search Settings to create it with a new name. Set isDefault to false with this call.

Personalized Search

Personalized Search refers to when you submit your Monetate ID with each Kibo search API call and receiving a personalization score for the returned products, which adds an additional sorting layer on top of the Kibo API response, based on the selected Monetate Recommendation Strategies.

It is recommended to only add Monetate Personalization after relevancy tuning with Kibo Search Configurations has been completed.

Using Personalized Search

Once search relevancy tuning in Kibo is finished, there are two tasks that need to be completed: inserting the Monetate Personalization Experience ID into Kibo (as shown here) and passing the Monetate ID mid query parameter with each Kibo search API call.

In a JavaScript tab implementation with Monetate, typically the mt.v cookie will contain the mid number that you can use. In an Engine API implementation, the mid number can be set wherever you'd like. In order to trigger Monetate Personalization, pass this value in the mid parameter with every Suggest2 and Site Search API call such as in:

/commerce/catalog/storefront/productsearch/suggest2?query=jeans&pageSize=200&groups=pro ducts,categories,terms&mid=2.1954287910.1669831088740

Viewing Personalization Scores

You can utilize the Product Search API to view individual Kibo relevancy scores and the Monetate personalization scores for products returned in search queries. As with Suggest2 and Site Search, be sure to provide a search term in the query parameter and your Monetate ID number in the mid parameter.

Do not use the Product Search API in production environments. This API should only be used for testing of relevancy scores and personalization scores in product search results.

This example shows part of a response with a Kibo relevancy score and Monetate Personalization score:

"productImageGroups": [], "productCollections": [], "score": 330.34677, "personalizationScore": 1.6408163265306124

Provide Estimated Volume

As you begin to complete your implementation, you will need to provide Kibo with an estimation of your expected volume and activity. Inform Kibo of your average searches per day, as well as any overall traffic numbers like users/sessions per day.

This information should be provided to Kibo 3 weeks before your go-live date and will ensure there is sufficient Kibo back-end capacity to achieve your goals.

Post Implementation

Once you have successfully launched the Search services, you will be able to utilize your assigned Kibo resources for an additional 30 days to assist with training, troubleshooting, enhancements, personalization, fine tuning, and so forth. During that time, you will also be assigned a Monetate CSM who will work with you to address any customer service issues moving forward.

For any assistance past the 30-day window after implementation, please open either a Monetate or ticket.